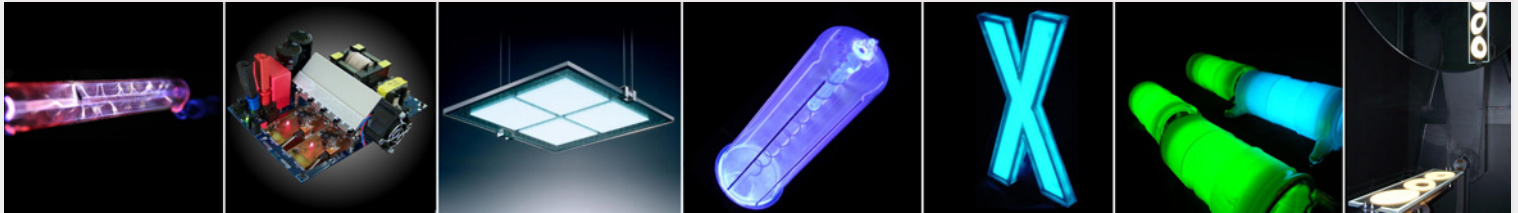


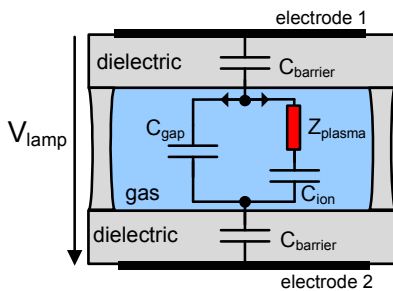
Single Period Sinusoidal Pulse Generator for Efficient Drive of Dielectric Barrier Discharges

Set-Up and Basic Operation Mode

Michael Meisser, Mark Paravia, Wolfgang Heering, Rainer Kling

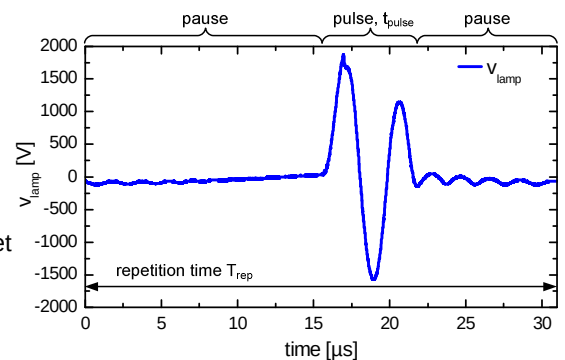


Introduction to Dielectric Barrier Discharge (DBD) Lamps

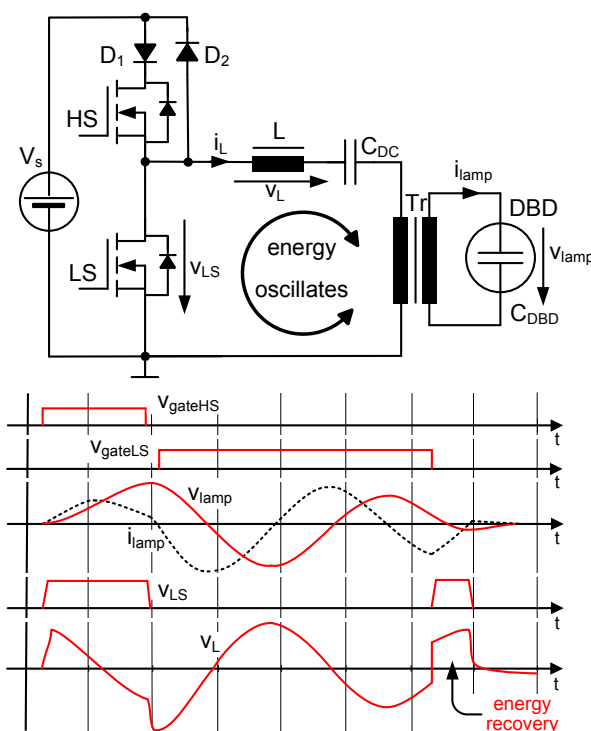


- capacitive load, low power factor (PF)
- ignition voltage several kilovolts

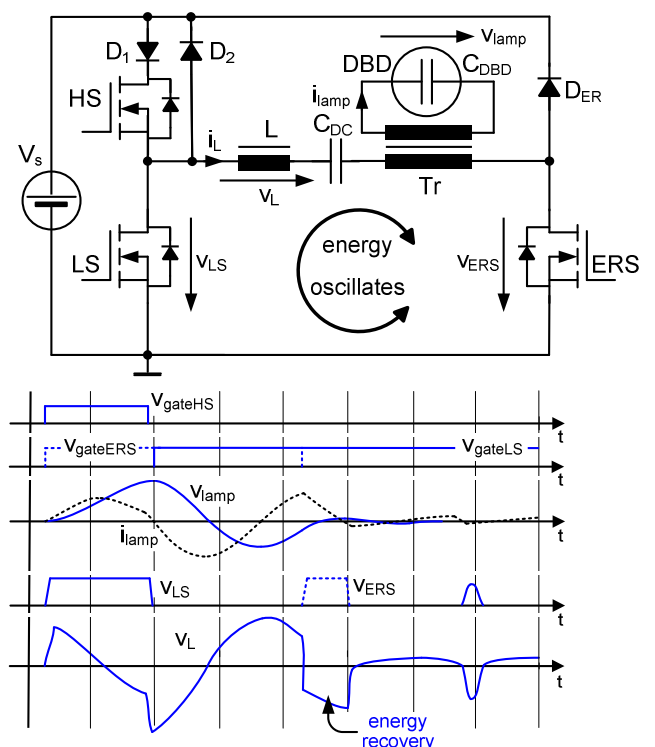
- pulsed operation
 - high plasma efficiency
 - homogeneous appearance
- standard 3-half-wave pulse
 - 1st ignition efficient
 - 2nd required for charge reset
 - 3rd inefficient, poor power factor



Sinusoidal Pulse Topology



Single Period Sinusoidal Pulse Topology

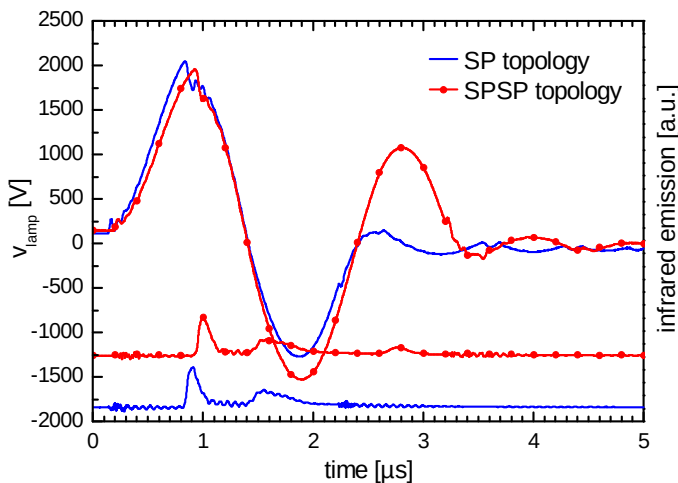


Single Period Sinusoidal Pulse Generator for Efficient Drive of Dielectric Barrier Discharges

Problems and Enhancements

Michael Meisser, Mark Paravia, Wolfgang Heering, Rainer Kling

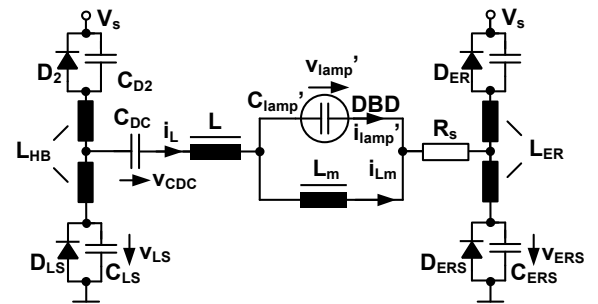
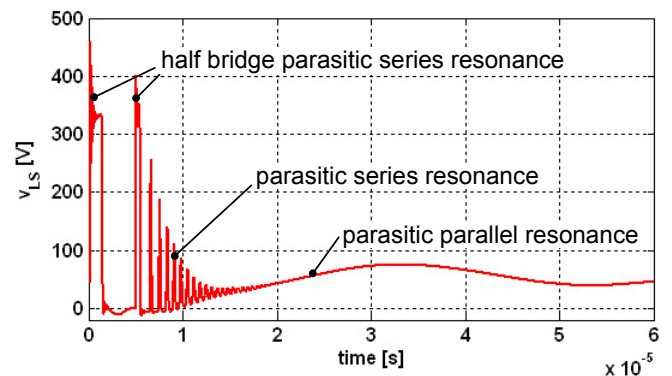
Comparison of Topology Waveforms



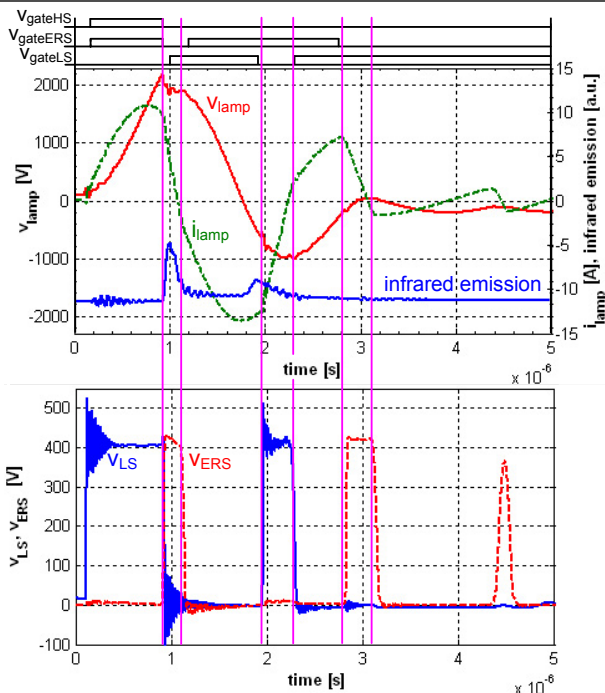
SP Topology					SPSP Topology			
	1.HW	2.HW	3.HW	total		1.HW	2.HW	total
PF	16%	11%	9%	10.6%	PF	16%	9%	12.3%
S [VA]	612	580	278	1721	S [VA]	738	435	1242
P [W]	97	62	24	183	P [W]	115	40	153
η_{ECG}	0.81	η_{sys} [lm/W]		9.5	η_{ECG}	0.765	η_{sys} [lm/W] 10.7	

■ enhanced power factor & system efficiency

Parasitic Resonances

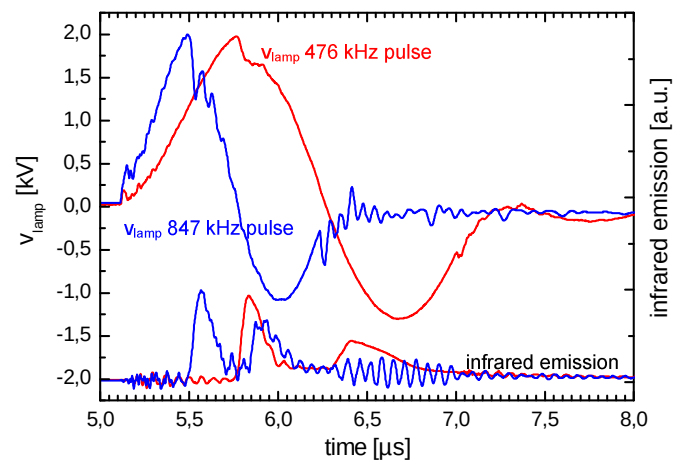


Pulse Enhancement: Current Cut-off



Pulse Frequency Enhancement

- higher pulse frequency to reduce "tail current" losses
- low lamp pressure ($p_{Xe} = 125$ mbar) no loss reduction



- 847 kHz pulse: LS = MOSFET, $\eta_{ECG} = 66.7\%$, $\eta_{lamp} = 12.9$ lm/W
- 476 kHz pulse: LS = IGBT, $\eta_{ECG} = 80\%$, $\eta_{lamp} = 13.3$ lm/W